



Whole body vibration in mines and quarries

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Whole body vibration (WBV) is vibration transmitted to the whole body by the equipment or plant being operated. It can cause lower back pain, and long-term exposure can cause neck and shoulder problems, herniated discs and early spine degeneration.

Exposure to WBV may contribute to other health effects including cardiovascular, respiratory, neurological, endocrine and metabolic changes, digestive problems, reproductive organ damage and impairment of vision, balance or both.

Follow these four simple steps to reduce risk of exposure.

Identify



Identify sources of WBV (refer list below)

Assess



Assess worker exposure to WBV

Control



Use controls listed below to reduce the risk of exposure

Monitor



Regular inspection of equipment, worker feedback

Sources of whole body vibration

Excavators < 25 tonnes
Front end loaders
Underground loaders > 25 tonnes
Rigid and articulated dump trucks
Graders
Dozers, especially ripping
Scrapers
Telescopic handlers

Some facts about whole body vibration

Consult workers about their experiences with vibration as a first step to assessment of exposure

If you suspect workers may be exposed to excessive WBV, engage a qualified ergonomist or human factors professional to conduct a WBV assessment

Further information can be found in [Bad-Vibrations - A Handbook on WBV exposure in Mining](#) on the MinEx website.

Controls include:



- Vehicle and seat design
- Road and vehicle maintenance
- Managing speed around the site
- Operator training and awareness
- Regular rest breaks and operator rotation

For more information see [A guide to Worker Health in Extractives](#) on the MinEx website.